

March 1, 2020

Dear Parent/Guardian:

Lone Oak ISD is sharing this information about the district and your child's campus with you as part of its obligations under the federal Every Student Succeeds Act of 2015 (ESSA).

Federal Report Cards for the state, the district, and each of the district's campuses are now available on the district's website at this link: [www.loisd.net](http://www.loisd.net) or are also available on the Texas Education Agency's website at:

[https://tea.texas.gov/Finance\\_and\\_Grants/Grants/Federal\\_Report\\_Card/](https://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Grants/Federal_Report_Card/).

Information on these report cards includes:

**Part (i): General Description of the Texas State Accountability System**

- (I) the minimum number of students that the State determines are necessary to be included in each of the subgroups of students for use in the accountability system;
- (II) the long-term goals and measurements of interim progress for all students and for each of the subgroups of students;
- (III) the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State;
- (IV) the State's system for meaningfully differentiating all public schools in the State, including—
  - (aa) the specific weight of the indicators in such differentiation;
  - (bb) the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools;
  - (cc) the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students; and
  - (dd) the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement;
- (V) the number and names of all public schools in the State identified by the State for comprehensive support and improvement or implementing targeted support and improvement plans;
- (VI) the exit criteria established by the State, including the length of years established.

**Part (ii): Student Achievement by Proficiency Level**

This section provides information on student achievement on the STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness) performance for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science by grade level and proficiency level for the 2018–19 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset.

**Part (iii)(I): Academic Growth**

This section provides information on students' academic growth for mathematics and reading/ELA for public elementary schools and secondary schools which don't have a

graduation rate, for the 2018-19 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset.

**Part (iii)(II): Graduation Rate**

This section provides information on high school graduation rates for the class of 2018.

**Part (iv): English Language Proficiency**

This section provides information on the number and percentage of English learners achieving English language proficiency based on the 2019 TELPAS (Texas English Language Proficiency Assessment System) data.

**Part (v): School Quality or Student Success (SQSS)**

This section provides information on the other indicator of school quality or student success, which is college, career and military readiness (CCMR) for high schools and average performance rate of the three STAAR performance levels of all students, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset, for elementary and secondary schools without a graduation rate.

**Part (vi): Goal Meeting Status**

This section provides information on the progress of all students and each student group toward meeting the long-term goals or interim objectives on STAAR academic performance, federal graduation rate, and English learners' language proficiency.

**Part (vii): STAAR Participation**

This section provides the percentage of students assessed and not assessed on STAAR for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science.

**Part (viii): Civil Rights Data**

Part (viii)(I) The section provides information from the 2015-16 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on measures of school quality, climate, and safety, including counts of in-school suspensions, out-of-school suspensions, expulsions, school related arrests, referrals to law enforcement, chronic absenteeism (including both excused and unexcused absences), incidences of violence, including bullying and harassment.

Part (viii)(II) This section provides information from the 2015-16 CRDC surveys, submitted by school districts to the Office for Civil Rights, on the number of students enrolled in preschool programs and accelerated coursework to earn postsecondary credit while still in high school.

**Part (ix): Teacher Quality Data**

This section provides information on the professional qualifications of teachers, including information disaggregated by high- and low-poverty schools on the number and percentage of (I) inexperienced teacher, principals, and other school leaders; (II) teachers teaching with emergency or provisional credentials; and (III) teachers who are not teaching in the subject or field for which the teacher is certified or licensed.

**Part (x): Per-pupil Expenditure**

This section provides information on the per-pupil expenditures of federal, state, and local funds, including actual personnel expenditures and actual non-personnel expenditures,

disaggregated by source of funds, for each school district and campus for the preceding fiscal year.

To be updated by June 30th, 2020.

**Part (xi): STAAR Alternate 2 Participation**

This section provides information on the number and percentage of students with the most-significant cognitive disabilities who take STAAR Alternate 2, by grade and subject for the 2018-19 school year.

**Part (xii): Statewide National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP)**

This section provides results on the state academic assessments in reading and mathematics in grades 4 and 8 of the 2019 National Assessment of Educational Progress, compared to the national average of such results.

**Part (xiii): Cohort Rate of Graduates Enrolled in Postsecondary Education**

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2016-17 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2017-18 academic year.

If you have difficulty accessing the information from the website, hard copies of the reports are available at the district and campus office. If you have questions about the information, please contact your child's campus.

**SPECIAL EDUCATION UPDATE:**

In 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature passed [Senate Bill 139 \(SB 139\)](#), which requires school districts to distribute the enclosed notice to parents.

Receipt of this notice does not indicate that the school district is concerned or suspects a disability; it is to inform parents of the process for requesting a special education evaluation from the school district.

If you would like to discuss in further detail your child's educational progress or evaluation options, please contact the special programs coordinator at your campus. See the attached document.

# Updates in Special Education



## Schools:

Lone Oak Elementary School  
Lone Oak Middle School  
Lone Oak High School

## Contact Person:

LOES- Lisa Brannon  
LOMS- Gina Stevens  
LOHS- Elizabeth Tanoos

## Phone Number:

(903) 662-5151

To begin the special education process for your child, email:

LOES- lbrannon@loisd.net  
LOMS- gstevens@loisd.net  
LOHS- etanoos@loisd.net



## Resources for Families

TEA has created topic specific information for families. Scan the QR code or use the link to access these resources.



[direc.to/dVYo](http://direc.to/dVYo)

Family members can call or log on to find answers to their questions as well as general information about special education.



[SpEdTex.org](http://SpEdTex.org)



1.855.773.3839



Beginning with the 2017 school year, the Texas Education Agency (TEA) changed the way it reports special education enrollment in school systems. TEA no longer includes a target for a school system's total numbers of students in special education as part of state monitoring.

For special education representation, TEA only reports on over-representation within certain race, ethnicity and disability categories, as required by federal law. **School systems cannot use this reporting data to delay, deny or prevent a referral for an evaluation for special education services.**



## Special education/IDEA eligibility:

The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, also known as IDEA, is a federal law that gives eligible students with disabilities the right to receive special education services and assistance in school. **To be eligible for special education services, a student with a disability must need instruction that is specially designed to meet the student's unique needs based on that disability.**



## Who can request an evaluation for special education?



### Parents or Guardians:

A parent or guardian has the right to request a special education evaluation at any time. It is best to submit this request in writing to your school's principal or to the school district's special education director. If your child is pre-school age and not yet enrolled in school, send the letter to the district's special education director.



### School:

If the school knows or has reason to suspect that the student has a disability and a need for special education services, the school must refer the student for a special education evaluation.

More information on evaluation timelines can be found at: [direc.to/dVYR](http://direc.to/dVYR)

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[TEA.Texas.gov/TexasSpEd](http://TEA.Texas.gov/TexasSpEd)

